

UNIVERSITÄT BERN

Sustainable Software Engineering

Seminar Software Engineering FS22 Veronika Wu

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Content

- 01. Research Questions
- 02. Sustainability in Software Engineering
- 03. Tools and Methodologies

Research Questions

original

RQ 1: What do developers understand by the term "Sustainable Software documentation" and what steps do they take to achieve it?

RQ 2: To what extent do current tools (measuring carbon footprints or energy consumptions) consider software documentation?

updated

RQ 3: What do developers understand by the term "Sustainable Software"?

RQ 4: What research topics are being addressed?

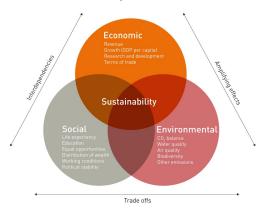
RQ5: What tools and methodologies currently exist to measure sustainability in software?

Sustainability?

Sustainability

Def: "Sustainability means meeting our own needs without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs." (McGill University, 2013)

The three dimensions of sustainability and a selection of indicators



Source: own presentation, based on Passet (1979) www.economiesuisse.ch

Sustainability in Software Engineering

Software Sustainability SOS

Goal: to achieve sustainability in software

- Social Sustainability
- Economic Sustainability
- Environmental Sustainability

Software as Part of Sustainability SAPOS

Considers software as a new dimension of sustainability.

- Individual Sustainability
- Social Sustainability
- Economic Sustainability
- Environmental Sustainability
- Technical Sustainability

Research Topics

Majority of publications in:

- Software Design
- Engineering Management
- Models and Methods
- Process
- Requirements

Other topics include:

urban architecture and integration, energy efficiency, life cycle assessment, environmental management, smart grids, cloud services, carbon consumption, traffic strategies, and virtualization.

implementation Communication into Sullium issues is consistent in the construction of the construction in the construction in

(Penzenstadler et al, 2014)

Tools and Methodologies

- Green Software Model
- GREENTRACKER

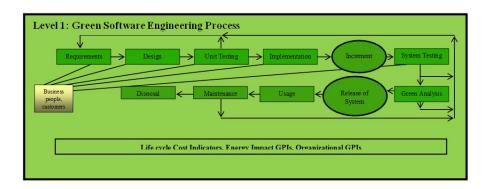
Green Software Model (1)

Two-level green software model:

- complete list of metrics to measure the 'greenness' of each stage
- categorization of tools to aid in green computing by monitoring resources

Level 1:

Considered stages: Requirements,
Design, Implementation, Testing, Usage,
Maintenance and Disposal.



(Mahmoud et al, 2013)

Green Software Model (2)

Green Performance Indicators (GPIs):

- Lifecycle Cost Indicators
- Energy Impact GPIs
- Organizational GPIs

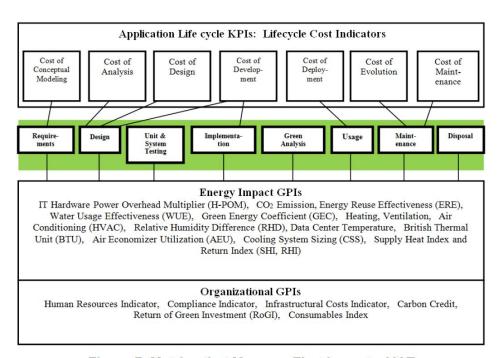


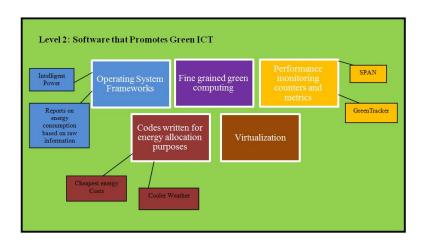
Figure 7. Metrics that Measure First Impact of ICT

(Mahmoud et al, 2013)

Green Software Model (3)

Level 2:

Indicates 5 categories of software tools and concepts, which can play a major role in having energy efficient use of software applications.



(Mahmoud et al, 2013)

GREENTRACKER (1)

- Definition: Tool, which measures the energy consumption of software
- Motivation: Survey on Sustainability
 - "I thought about environmental sustainability when I last upgraded my software."
 - Reasons for upgrading or not updating software?

GREENTRACKER (2)

Software classes tested:

- Audio (iTunes and Windows Media Player)
- Internet browsers (Internet Explorer, Mozilla Firefox, and Google Chrome)
- Word processing software (Microsoft Word and Open Office Writer)

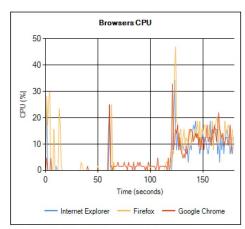
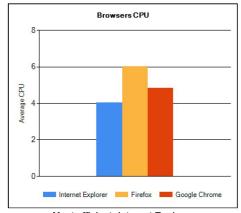


Figure 1. Graph of browsers' CPU usage over time.



Most efficient: Internet Explorer

Figure 2. Graph of browsers' average CPU usage.

Wrap Up

Sustainable Software

RQ 3: What do developers understand by the term "Sustainable Software"?



Current Research Topics

RQ4: What research topics are being addressed?



Tools and Methodologies

RQ5: What tools and methodologies currently exist to measure sustainability in software?

Thank you!

Questions?

Sources

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